

$\overline{DPP} - \overline{6}$ (Thermodynamics)

Video Solution on Website:-

https://physicsaholics.com/home/courseDetails/60

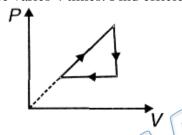
Video Solution on YouTube:-

https://youtu.be/RBZn17UiRzw

Written Solution on Website:-

https://physicsaholics.com/note/notesDetalis/78

Q 1. An ideal gas with adiabatic exponent $\gamma = 2$ goes through a cycle as shown in figure in which absolute temperature varies 4 times. Find efficiency of cycle?



- (a) 1/9
- (b) 1/8
- (c) 1/6
- (d) 1/5
- Q 2. A carnot engine is made to work first between 200 K and 100 K and then between 400 K and 200 K. The ratio of efficiencies in two cases is
 - (a) 1:15
 - (b) 1:1
 - (c) 1:2
 - (d) 1,73:1
- Q 3. If in refrigerator, the lower temperature coils of evaporator are -23°C and compressed gas in condenser has a temperature of 77°C. The coefficient of performance is
 - (a)70
 - (b) 20
 - (c) 23
 - (d) 2.5
- Q 4. STATEMENT-1 : Efficiency of engine with sink temperature 0 K is 100%.

STATEMENT-2: Keeping sink at ice point and source at 100° C will bring 100% efficiency.

Q 5. STATEMENT-1 : A refrigerator transfers heat from lower temperature to higher temperature.

Because

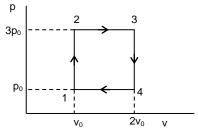
STATEMENT-2: Heat cannot be transferred from lower temperature to higher temperature without doing any external work.



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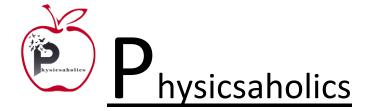
- Q 6. An ideal heat engine working at source temperature 327° C is attached to a machine which is in turn performs a work of 3.6×10^{7} Joule in 1 hr. Assuming the efficiency of heat engine and machine to be 50% each and no loss of heat. Find the sink temperature of heat engine and the power supplied to engine in the form of heat.
- Q 7. An ideal monoatomic gas undergoes a cyclic process as shown in the P-V diagram. find efficiency of the cycle?



- (a) 10%
- (b) 17%
- (c) 19%
- (d)21%
- Q 8. A carnot engine takes 3000 k-cal of heat from a reservoir at 627°C and gives it to a sink at 27°C. The work done by the engine is
 - (A) $4.2 \times 10^6 \,\text{J}$
- (B) $8.4 \times 10^6 \,\text{J}$
- (C) $16.8 \times 10^6 \,\mathrm{J}$
- (D) zero
- Q 9. A Carnot engine working between 300 K and 600 K has a work output of 800 J per cycle. The amount of heat energy supplied from the source to the engine in each cycle is -
 - (A) 800 J
- (B) 3200 J
- (C) 1600 J
- (D) 6400 J
- Q 10. An ideal gas heat engine operates Carnot cycle between 227°C and 127°C. It absorbs 6×10^4 calories at the higher temperature. The quantity of heat converted into work is equal to-
 - (A) 4.8×10^4 cal
- (B) 3.5×10^4 cal
- (C) 1.6×10^4 cal
- (D) 1.2×10^4 cal
- Q 11. A Carnot engine, having an efficiency of

h = 1/10 as heat engine, is used as a refrigerator. If the work done on the system is 10 J, the amount of energy absorbed from the reservoir at lower temperature is

- (A) 99 J
- (B) 90 J
- (C) 1 J
- (D) 100 J
- Q 12. 100 g water at 273K is placed in a carnot refrigerator. Find approximate work done by refrigerator to freeze the water if temperature of surrounding is 300k?
 - (a) 3323J
 - (b) 2323J
 - (c) 1323J
 - (d) 323J





Answer Key

Q.1 a	Q.2 b	Q.3 d	Q.4 c	Q.5 b
Q.6 300K,40kW	Q.7 c	Q.8 b	Q.9 c	Q.10 d
Q.11 b	Q.12 a			